

COVID-19 SKILLED NURSING FACILITY

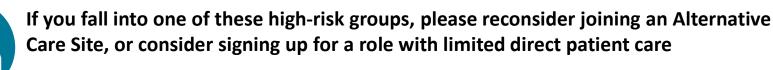
Orientation and Training for CA Health Corps

BACKGROUND ON COVID-19 AND SAFETY RISKS

Learning Objective:

Become aware of the symptoms and potential personal risks around contracting the virus





- Older adults (aged 60 years or older)
- People of any age, but have severe underlying health conditions such as:
 - People with chronic lung disease or moderate to severe asthma
 - People who have serious heart conditions
 - People who are immunocompromised
 - People with severe obesity (body mass index [BMI] of 40 or higher)
 - People with diabetes
 - People with chronic kidney disease undergoing dialysis
 - People with liver disease



While a recent CDC report notes that 20% of those who have been hospitalized for the disease in the U.S. are younger adults (20-44 years old), the immediate risk of becoming seriously ill from the virus causing COVID-19 is thought to be low for most people



COVID-19: SYMPTOMS

COVID-19 symptoms may look similar to the flu, cold, and allergies, but the most common include fever, cough, shortness of breath. If you or others in your household experience these symptoms, please take extra precautions to isolate and monitor symptoms. Sites will also screen staff daily for key COVID symptoms upon entry using standard questions.



	COVID-19		COLD / UPPER RESPIRATORY INFECTION		ALLERGIES / HAY FEVER		INFLUENZA	
	Symptom?	Common?	Symptom?	Common?	Symptom?	Common?	Symptom?	Common?
Fever	V	Common	V	Rare			V	Common
Fatigue	V	Common	V	Sometimes	V	Sometimes	V	Common
Dry Cough	V	Common			V	Sometimes	V	Common
Difficulty Breathing	V	Severe			v	Sometimes		
Aches & Pains	>	Sometimes	>	Rare			>	Common
Sneezing			V	Common	V	Common	V	Sometimes
Runny Nose	'	Sometimes			'	Common	>	Sometimes
Stuffy Nose			>	Common	>	Common	>	Sometimes
Watery Eyes					V	Common		
Sore Throat	>	Sometimes	>	Common			>	Sometimes
Diarrhea	>	Sometimes					>	Rare
Loss of Smell / Taste	V	Sometimes						3



COVID-19: MECHANISMS FOR TRANSMISSION

Information suggests this virus is spreading more efficiently than influenza, which is highly contagious. As such, we are enforcing strict safety precautions for surge healthcare workers.



MECHANISMS FOR TRANSMISSION

RESPIRATORY

Through the air, via coughing and sneezing or via close personal contact (e.g., touching or shaking hands)

Primary means of transmission

CONTACT

Touching a surface in the immediate environment that is contaminated with the virus, and then touching your nose, mouth, eyes

AIRBORNE

During procedures or support treatments when aerosols are performed (e.g. endotracheal intubation, nebulizer treatment, and high flow O2)

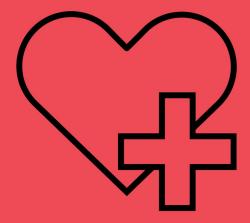


SAFETY PRECAUTIONS ARE TAILORED ACCORDINGLY

Enforcement of physical distancing and proper usage of PPE

Regular disinfecting of high touch surfaces and equipment

Such procedures will not ordinarily be performed in absence of a single room and N95 mask



SAFETY PRACTICES

Learning Objective:

Understand and reinforce safety practices

- ✓ Reminders before coming onsite
- ✓ Properly donning and doffing PPE
- ✓ PPE extend / reuse / discard guidance
- ✓ Practicing safety techniques at work
- ✓ Safety precautions post-shift and at home



SAFETY OVERVIEW



WE ARE ENFORCING STRICT PRECAUTIONS TO ENSURE YOUR PERSONAL AND PATIENT SAFETY, AND LIMIT SPREAD WITHIN THE COMMUNITY:

- 1. Reminders before coming onsite
- 2. PPE overview
- 3. Properly donning PPE
- 4. Proper PPE conservation (reuse / extend / discard guidance)
- 5. Properly doffing PPE
- 6. Practicing basic safety techniques at work
- 7. Safety precautions post-shift and at home



PPF WILL BF PROVIDED ONSITE: HOWEVER PLEASE BRING IF YOU HAVE YOUR OWN AND ARE WILLING TO USE

- Protective eyewear: goggles and/or face shields
- Masks: surgical masks and/or N-95 respirators
- Note: see visuals on next slide



PLEASE MAINTAIN PERSONAL GROOMING

- For men, trim facial hair to allow for masks and goggles to fit
- For women, tie back long hair and keep away from face



PLEASE WEAR APPROPRIATE CLOTHING

- Plan to wear shoes that can be washed easily
- Wear comfortable clothing (scrubs is preferred)



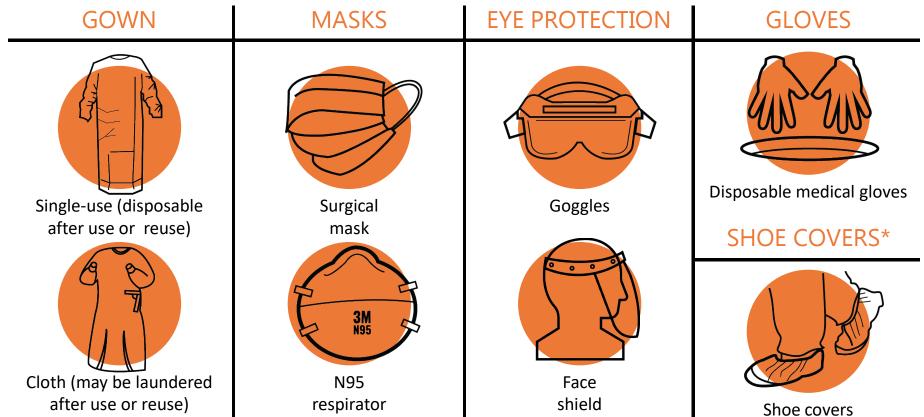
GENERAL EXPECTATIONS AROUND PERSONAL MOBILE DEVICES

- Perform hand hygiene after handling mobile devices to reduce spread of contamination
- Consider storing your mobile device(s) during your shift
- If a mobile device is needed to support patient care, please maintain patient confidentiality at all times and properly disinfect after usage



2. PPE: OVERVIEW

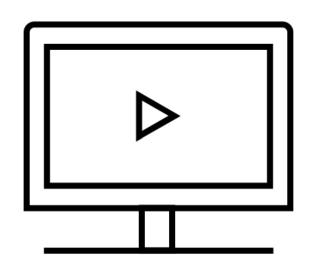
Basic PPE for Contact, Droplet and Respiratory precautions



*OPTIONAL PPE. IF YOUR SITE DOES NOT PROVIDE THIS, ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE IS PROVIDED UNDER "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS POST-SHIFT AND AT HOME" TO REDUCE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION



2. PPE: OVERVIEW DONNING (VIDEO)



Please watch this video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t1lxq2OUy-U

Pause at min 7:06 to focus on the donning process. We will resume video at a later point of the training to cover doffing.

Source: Hippo Education



3. PPE: DONNING REMINDERS

Always perform donning on the hallway prior to entering the room

1. HAND HYGIENE



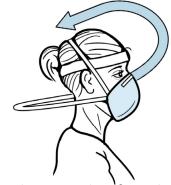
Use hand sanitizer to clean hands

2. DON GOWN



- Fully cover torso from neck to knees, arms to end of wrists
- Wrap around the back
- Fasten ties at back of gown

3. DON SURGICAL MASK



- Avoid touching inside of mask, except with clean hands
- Secure tie or elastic bands behind head or ears
- Fit flexible band to nose bridge
- Fit snug to face and below chin
- Note: mask with attached face shield is acceptable to use (not pictured); if using, no additional eye protection is required



3. PPE: DONNING REMINDERS

Always perform donning on the hallway prior to entering the room

4. HAND

Use hand sanitizer to clean hands

5. DON EYE PROTECTION



Goggles or Face Shield:
Place over face and eyes
and adjust to fit

6. HAND



Use hand sanitizer to clean hands

7. DON GLOVES



Extend to cover wrist of isolation gown



4. PROPER CONSERVATION OF PPE: GUIDELINES



• IN TIMES OF SEVERE SHORTAGES, LEADERS MAY IMPLEMENT CONTINGENCY MEASURES FOR REUSE AND EXTENDED USE OF PPF



 THE INFORMATION THAT FOLLOWS IS TO PREPARE YOU TO RESPOND TO GUIDANCE IN THE EVENT LEADERS DETERMINE CONTINGENCY MEASURES ARE NEEDED



IN GENERAL, **EXTENDED USE IS PREFERRED OVER REUSE** TO REDUCE THE RISK OF SELF-CONTAMINATION FROM REPEATED DONNING AND DOFFING OF THE SAME EQUIPMENT



EXTENDED USE OF PPE SHOULD BE **DONE IN CONJUNCTION**WITH COHORTING OF PATIENTS WITH SIMILAR STATUS AND
CONDITIONS



4. PROPER CONSERVATION OF PPE: A

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Assumes contingency supply

	EXTENDED USE Practice of wearing continuously for repeated patient encounters without doffing in between multiple patient interactions	REUSE Practice of using the same PPE for multiple encounters with patients, but doffing in between each of those encounters
MASK	YES	YES
EYE PROTECTION	YES	YES
GLOVES	YES	NO
GOWN	YES	YES



Assumes contingency supply

	Practice of wearing continuously for repeated patient encounters without doffing in between multiple patient interactions	REUSE Practice of using the same PPE for multiple encounters with patients, but doffing between each of those encounters	DISCARD GUIDANCE Discard PPE under the following conditions
MASK	YES Okay to wear the same mask continuously for full shift	YES Appropriate for reuse, only for self (cannot be reused between multiple workers) When reusing: • Avoid touching inside and front of mask – use the elastic bands, loops, or ties to don and doff • Store in a cool, clean, dry place in between use	 Discard when: Contaminated hands have touched the inside Wet, soiled, or damaged Appropriate fit is not maintained Note: discard mask upon leaving for the day



Assumes contingency supply

EXTENDED USE

Practice of wearing continuously for repeated patient encounters without doffing in between multiple patient interactions

REUSE

Practice of using the same PPE for multiple encounters with patients, but doffing between each of those encounters

DISCARD GUIDANCE

Discard PPE under the following conditions

EYE PROTE C-TION

YES

Okay to wear the same goggles continuously for full shift

YES

Appropriate for reuse for self and among different workers with proper disinfection

- Clean external surfaces with hospital-approved disinfectant wipe
- Remove residue with alcohol wipes
- Store in a cool, clean, dry place in between use

Discard when:

- Inside cannot be cleaned
- Damaged in any manner
 - Foam batting damaged/soiled₁₅
 - Face shield

Source: adapted based on publicly available guidelines from CDC and UCSF



Assumes contingency supply

	Practice of wearing continuously for repeated patient encounters without doffing in between multiple patient interactions	REUSE Practice of using the same PPE for multiple encounters with patients, but doffing between each of those encounters	DISCARD GUIDANCE Discard PPE under the following conditions
GLOVE S	 YES Okay to wear the same gloves between separate patients of similar conditions (e.g., between diagnosed COVID-19 patients) Hand hygiene can be performed over gloves 	NO	Discard when: • Torn or heavily soiled / contaminated

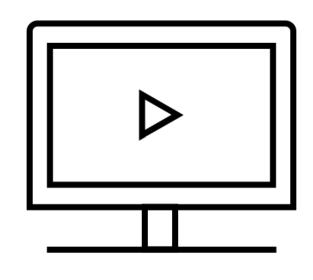


Assumes contingency supply

EXTENDED USE REUSE DISCARD Practice of wearing Practice of using the same PPE **GUIDANCE** continuously for repeated for multiple encounters with Discard PPE under the patient encounters without patients, but doffing between following conditions doffing in between multiple each of those encounters patient interactions **GOWN Discard when: YES** YES Okay to wear the same Single-use gowns: IF need Torn or heavily soiled / gown between separate to reuse, minimize contact contaminated patients of similar with outside of gown; else discard conditions (e.g., between diagnosed COVID-19 Cloth gowns: can reuse patients) without washing *IF* there is minimal physical contact with patient or nearby surfaces



5. PPE: DOFFING (VIDEO)



Please watch this video:

https://youtu.be/t1lxq2OUy-U?t=427

Link resumes video at min 7:07 to focus on the doffing process.

Note that this video presumes doffing assuming conventional supply (discarding PPE after each use). Steps around safe reuse of face shields / goggles are covered on subsequent slides

Source: Hippo Education



There is significant risk for self-contamination during doffing – please read carefully!

INSIDE PATIENT ROOM

1. REMOVE GOWN AND GLOVES

- Consider gown front and sleeves and the outside of gloves contaminated.
- ✓ If your hands get contaminated during gown or glove removal, immediately clean hands.



- Grasp gown in front and pull away from your body so that the ties break, touching outside of gown only with gloved hands
- While removing the gown, fold or roll the gown insideout into a small, tidy bundle
- Peel off gloves at the same time as you remove gown
- Place gown and gloves into designated waste containers









There is significant risk for self-contamination during doffing – please read carefully!

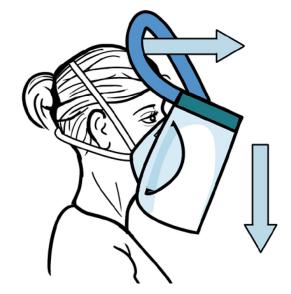
OUTSIDE PATIENT ROOM



5. HAND
HYGIENE (OVER)

6. REMOVE EYE PROTECTION – FACESHIELD OR

- ✓ Consider outside of goggles or face shield contaminated
- ✓ Do not let straps touch your face upon removing
- ✓ Do not touch font of the goggles or face shield



Remove goggles or face shield from the back by lifting headband over head



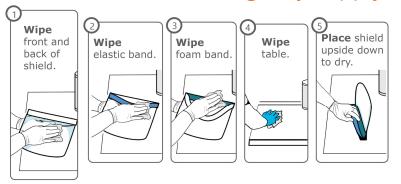
There is significant risk for self-contamination if equipment is not stored properly for reuse

OUTSIDE PATIENT ROOM

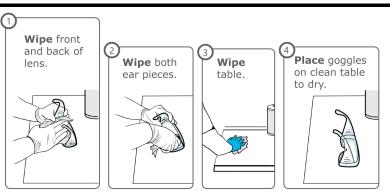
7. STORE EYE PROTECTION FOR REUSE (under contingency supply)

- ✓ Where you perform storage varies by facility – confirm where the designated clean table and room
- ✓ Use an approved disinfectant to wipe external surfaces of eye protection
- Use alcohol wipe to remove residue as needed
- Place on clean, designated surface to dry

FACE SHIELD



GOGGLE S



8. HAND
HYGIENE
(OVER
GLOVES)





There is significant risk for self-contamination during doffing – please read carefully!

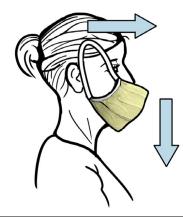
OUTSIDE PATIENT ROOM

9. REMOVE MASK

- **Consider outside** of mask contaminated (if not wearing face shield)
- Do not touch inside of the mask at any point
- Do not let loose straps touch your face

SURGICAL MASK





Starting with bottom and then top, grasp ear loops or release ties. **Remove without** touching the front

N-95 **RESPIRATOR**

Pinch bottom strap and pull far over head.



Pinch top strap and pull far over head. (Bow head if necessary to do so)



Source: adapted based on publicly available donning and doffing guidelines from CDC and health systems including UCSF and Emory

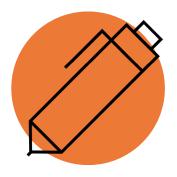


There is significant risk for self-contamination if equipment is not stored properly for reuse

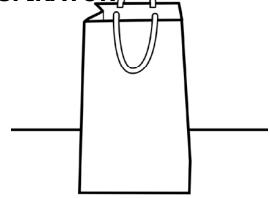
OUTSIDE PATIENT ROOM

10. STORE MASK FOR REUSE (under contingency supply)

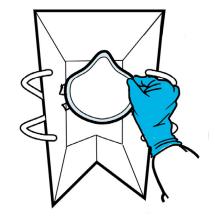
SURGICAL MASK or N95 RESPIRATOR



storage bag with your name – to be done prior to doffing mask.



Place your storage bag on clean, flat surface.



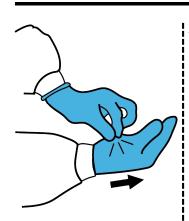
Place mask facedown into the storage bag. Avoid touching inside or outside of bag, and hold by handles/top.



There is significant risk for self-contamination during doffing – please read carefully!

OUTSIDE PATIENT ROOM

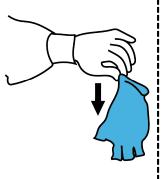
11. REMOVE GLOVES



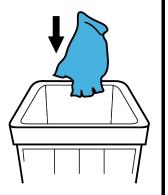
With a gloved hand grasping the palm area of opposite glove, peel off first glove and hold removed glove in gloved hand



Slide fingers of ungloved hand under remaining glove at wrist



Peel off second glove over first glove



Discard gloves in a designated waste container

12. SANITIZE



Wash hands at the nearest hand-washing station, or use alcohol-based hand sanitizer



6. PRACTICING BASIC SAFETY TECHNIQUES AT

FÀLLOW COC "UNIVERSAL PROTECTIONS" ON MASKING GUIDANCE

- Don mask immediately upon entry into the site
- Wear mask at all times while inside building



Stay at least 6 feet away from others as possible

PRACTICE HAND HYGIENE

Wash hands for at least 20 seconds

WFFD HANDS AWAY FROM FACE AND LIMIT TOUCHING SURFACES

 Disinfect high-touch surfaces vou need to come into contact using an EPAregistered, hospital-grade disinfectant

IF YOU EXPERIENCE SYMPTOMS

- Sites will screen staff daily at the time of entry using standard questions
- Contact vour unit lead immediately if you experience fever, cough, shortness of⁵









HAND HYGIENE UPON EXITING FACILITY

• Use an alcohol-based sanitizer to disinfect hands immediately after leaving Alternate Care Site



LEAVE SHOES AT ENTRY WAY OF YOUR HOME

- Note that the virus can be spread through the soles of shoes
- Do not wear shoes worn at the facility into your home, especially if shoe covers were not used
- If shoes are machine washable, wash immediately in a separate load



IMMEDIATELY WASH CLOTHING WORN AT THE FACILITY

Place clothing into separate laundry to wash if possible



SELF-MONITOR FOR SYMPTOMS

· Continue to monitor for key symptoms including fever, cough, and shortness of breath